

Figure 7. A section of the coronet in the palmar section of the foot has been displaced proximally (focal arch). Note the relationship of the heel of the shoe and the origin of the defect – denotes excessive load. The foot on the right shows a change in angulation of the horn tubules, curvature of the growth rings and a proximal displacement of the coronet (dorsal arch).



Figure 8. Foot with under run heels showing the 'knob' appearance. Note the curve in the growth rings as the heels migrate dorsally. There will often be a depression ('thumb print') showing the extent the heels of the hoof capsule have migrated forward (arrow). Palmar view shows the decrease in structural mass of the digital cushion.



Figure 9. Clubfoot. Note the coronary band has lost the slope and is almost parallel with the ground. Also note the flare in the dorsal hoof wall.